

## Intermediate Algebra

You should be able to find the correct solution to each problem without working backwards from the given solutions and without using a calculator

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Solve the problem.

- 1) Anne and Nancy use a metal alloy that is 16% copper to make jewelry. How many ounces of an alloy that is 10% copper must be mixed with an alloy that is 20% copper to form 55 ounces of the desired alloy? 1) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) 24 ounces      B) 22 ounces      C) 38 ounces      D) 33 ounces
- 2) Find the hydrogen ion concentration of a solution whose pH is 5.8. Use the formula  $pH = -\log [H^+]$ . 2) \_\_\_\_\_  
A)  $7.63 \times 10^{-1}$       B)  $-7.63 \times 10^{-1}$       C)  $6.31 \times 10^5$       D)  $1.58 \times 10^{-6}$
- 3) The number of bacteria growing in an incubation culture increases with time according to 3) \_\_\_\_\_  
 $B = 4400(3)^x$ , where  $x$  is time in days. Find the number of bacteria when  $x = 0$  and  $x = 2$ .  
A) 4400, 118,800      B) 13,200, 39,600      C) 4400, 26,400      D) 4400, 39,600
- 4) Use the formula  $L = 10 \cdot \log \frac{I}{I_0}$ , where the loudness of a sound in decibels is determined by  $I$ , the number of watts per square meter produced by the soundwave, and  $I_0 = 10^{-12} \text{ W/m}^2$ . A certain noise produces  $2.66 \times 10^{-4} \text{ W/m}^2$  of power. What is the decibel level of this noise? 4) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) 84 dB      B) 194 dB      C) 74 dB      D) 8 dB

Rewrite as an equivalent logarithmic equation. Do not solve.

- 5)  $y^z = 7$  5) \_\_\_\_\_  
A)  $z = \log_y 9$       B)  $y = \log_z 7$       C)  $y = \log_9 z$       D)  $z = \log_y 7$
- 6)  $6561^{1/4} = 9$  6) \_\_\_\_\_  
A)  $\frac{1}{4} = \log_{6561} 9$       B)  $9 = \log_{1/4} 6561$       C)  $9 = \log_{6561} \frac{1}{4}$       D)  $\frac{1}{4} = \log_9 6561$

Solve.

- 7) In triangle ABC, the measure of angle B is  $66^\circ$  more than twice the measure of angle A. The measure of angle C is  $54^\circ$  more than that of angle A. Find the angle measures. 7) \_\_\_\_\_  
A)  $15^\circ, 96^\circ, 54^\circ$       B)  $11^\circ, 88^\circ, 81^\circ$       C)  $15^\circ, 96^\circ, 69^\circ$       D)  $18^\circ, 102^\circ, 60^\circ$
- 8) The speed of a stream is 5 mph. If a boat travels 60 miles downstream in the same time that it takes to travel 30 miles upstream, what is the speed of the boat in still water? 8) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) 17 mph      B) 18 mph      C) 15 mph      D) 10 mph
- 9) A projectile is thrown upward so that its distance above the ground after  $t$  seconds is  $h = -11t^2 + 418t$ . After how many seconds does it reach its maximum height? 9) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) 38 sec      B) 9 sec      C) 19 sec      D) 28.5 sec
- 10)  $\sqrt{3x + 1} = 3 + \sqrt{x - 4}$  10) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) -5, -8      B) 5, 8      C) No solution      D) -1

11) Frank can type a report in 4 hours and James takes 5 hours. How long will it take the two of them typing together? 11) \_\_\_\_\_

- A)  $\frac{20}{9}$  hr      B) 20 hr      C)  $\frac{9}{20}$  hr      D) 5 hr

12)  $x^2 - 8x + 65 = 0$  12) \_\_\_\_\_  
A)  $8 \pm 14i$       B)  $4 \pm 7i$       C)  $11, -3$       D)  $-4 \pm 7i$

Simplify.

$$13) \frac{\frac{1}{k+3} - \frac{5}{k-7}}{\frac{2}{k-7} + \frac{1}{k+2}} \quad 13) \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- A)  $\frac{(-4k-22)(k+2)}{(k+3)(3k+3)}$   
B)  $\frac{(-4k-22)(k-2)}{(k-3)(3k-3)}$   
C)  $\frac{(-4k-22)(k+2)}{(k+3)(3k-3)}$   
D)  $\frac{(-4k-22)}{(k+3)(3k-3)}$

14)  $\log_8 32$  14) \_\_\_\_\_  
A)  $\frac{5}{3}$       B)  $\frac{5}{4}$       C)  $\frac{3}{2}$       D)  $\frac{4}{3}$

Find a formula for the inverse of the function described below.

15) A size-12 dress in Country C is size 40 in Country D. A function that converts dress sizes in Country C to those in Country D is  $f(x) = 2(x + 8)$ . 15) \_\_\_\_\_

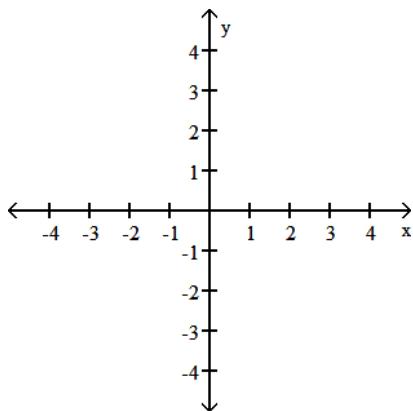
- A)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{2} + 8$       B)  $f^{-1}(x) = x - 8$       C)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x - 8}{2}$       D)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x - 16}{2}$

Find the center and the radius of the circle.

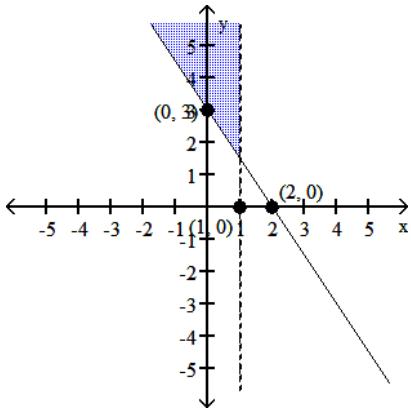
16)  $x^2 + y^2 - 16x + 18y + 145 = 16$  16) \_\_\_\_\_  
A)  $(-8, 9), r = 16$       B)  $(-9, 8), r = 4$       C)  $(9, -8), r = 16$       D)  $(8, -9), r = 4$

Graph the system of linear inequalities.

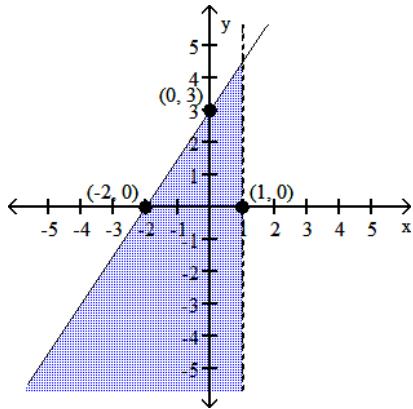
17)  $3x - 2y \geq -6$  and  $x - 1 < 0$  17) \_\_\_\_\_



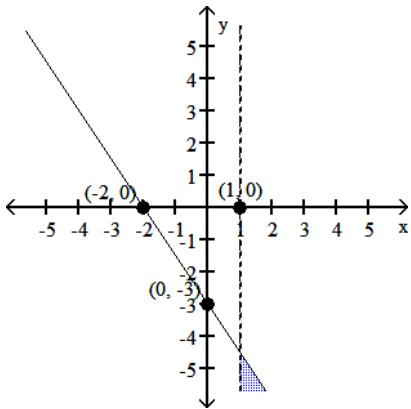
A)



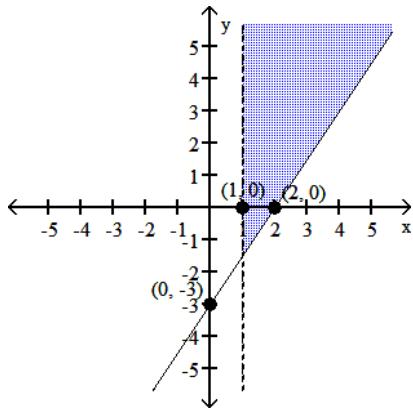
B)



C)



D)



Rationalize the denominator. Assume all variables represent positive numbers.

18)

$$\sqrt{\frac{15m^3n^3}{147m^2n^{13}}}$$

A)  $\frac{\sqrt{35m}}{21n^{10}}$

B)  $\frac{m\sqrt{5}}{49n^{10}}$

C)  $\frac{\sqrt{5m}}{7n^5}$

D)  $\frac{5m}{7n^5}$

18) \_\_\_\_\_

19)

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{9x^2}}$$

A)  $\frac{\sqrt[3]{45x}}{9x}$

B)  $\frac{\sqrt[3]{405x^2}}{81}$

C)  $\frac{\sqrt[3]{405x^2}}{9x}$

D)  $\frac{\sqrt[3]{15x}}{3x}$

19) \_\_\_\_\_

Solve. Provide answers in interval notation.

20)  $(x - 4)(x + 9) > 0$

A)  $(-\infty, -9) \cup (4, \infty)$

B)  $(-9, 4)$

C)  $(-9, \infty)$

D)  $(-\infty, -4) \cup (9, \infty)$

20) \_\_\_\_\_

Solve the absolute-value inequality.

21)  $|3y - 2| - 1 < -10$

A)  $\left(-\infty, \frac{11}{3}\right) \cup \left(-\frac{7}{3}, \infty\right)$

C)  $\emptyset$

B)  $\left(-\frac{7}{3}, \infty\right)$

D)  $\left(\frac{11}{3}, -\frac{7}{3}\right)$

21) \_\_\_\_\_

Solve the equation.

22)  $|7m + 3| + 3 = 9$

A)  $\emptyset$

B)  $\left\{\frac{3}{7}, -\frac{9}{7}\right\}$

C)  $\left\{-\frac{3}{7}, \frac{9}{7}\right\}$

D)  $\{1, -3\}$

22) \_\_\_\_\_

Solve. Where appropriate, include approximations to the nearest thousandth. If no solution exists, state this.

23)  $\log_3(x+4) + \log_3(x+1) = \log_3 40$

A) -9, 4

B) 4

C) 9

D) No solution

23) \_\_\_\_\_

24)  $\log_9 x = -4$

A)  $\frac{1}{262,144}$

B) 262,144

C) 6561

D)  $\frac{1}{6561}$

24) \_\_\_\_\_

25)  $49 = 2e^{3x}$

A) 1.872

B) 1.066

C) 2.912

D) 3.199

25) \_\_\_\_\_

26)  $2(x+1) = 8$

A) 3

B) 2

C) -1

D) -2

26) \_\_\_\_\_

Express as a single logarithm, and, if possible, simplify.

27)  $\frac{1}{2} \log_a x + 7 \log_a y - 3 \log_a x$

A)  $\log_a x^{5/2} y^2$

B)  $\log_a \frac{y^7}{x^{5/2}}$

C)  $\log_a \frac{x^{5/2}}{y^2}$

D)  $\log_a \frac{1}{x^{5/2} y^2}$

27) \_\_\_\_\_

Multiply and simplify.

28)  $\frac{k^2 + 12k + 32}{k^2 + 13k + 40} \cdot \frac{k^2 + 5k}{k^2 + 6k + 8}$

A)  $\frac{1}{k+2}$

B)  $\frac{k^2 + 5k}{k+2}$

C)  $\frac{k}{k+2}$

D)  $\frac{k}{k^2 + 13k + 40}$

28) \_\_\_\_\_

Perform the indicated operation and simplify. Write the answer in the form  $a + bi$ .

29)  $(8 - 6i)(5 + 9i)$

A) 94 - 42i

B) 94 + 42i

C) -14 - 102i

D) -54i<sup>2</sup> + 42i + 40

29) \_\_\_\_\_

30)  $\frac{3 + 4i}{8 - 3i}$

A)  $\frac{12}{55}$

B)  $\frac{36}{73} - \frac{23}{73}i$

C)  $\frac{36}{55} - \frac{41}{55}i$

D)  $\frac{12}{73} + \frac{41}{73}i$

30) \_\_\_\_\_

Simplify by removing a factor equal to 1.

$$31) \frac{x^3 - 64}{x^2 + 4x + 16}$$

A)  $x + 16$

B)  $1 + 4x$

C)  $x + 4$

D)  $x - 4$

31) \_\_\_\_\_

Solve by completing the square.

$$32) p^2 + 5p - 5 = 0$$

A)  $\frac{5 + 3\sqrt{5}}{2}$

B)  $\frac{-5 - 3\sqrt{5}}{2}$

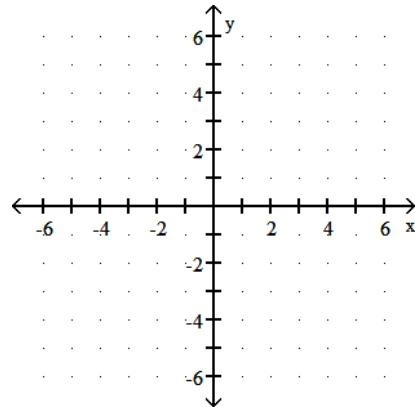
C)  $-5 \pm 3\sqrt{5}$

D)  $\frac{-5 \pm 3\sqrt{5}}{2}$

32) \_\_\_\_\_

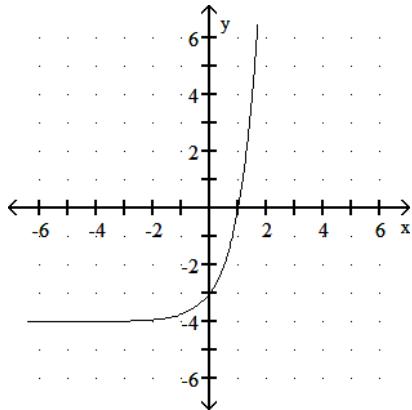
Graph.

$$33) y = 4x + 4$$

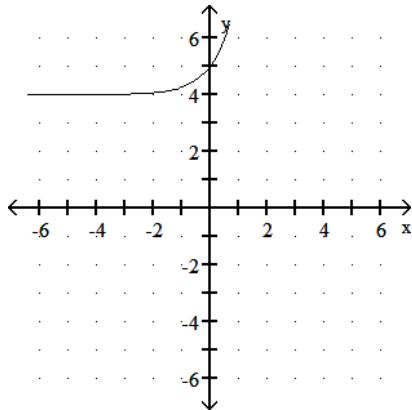


33) \_\_\_\_\_

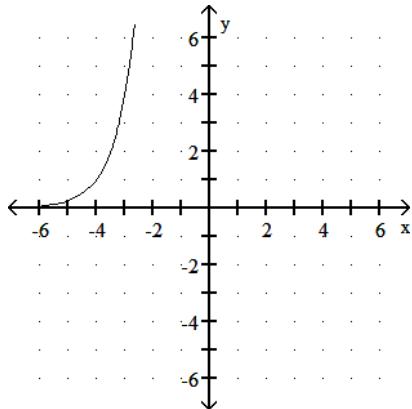
A)



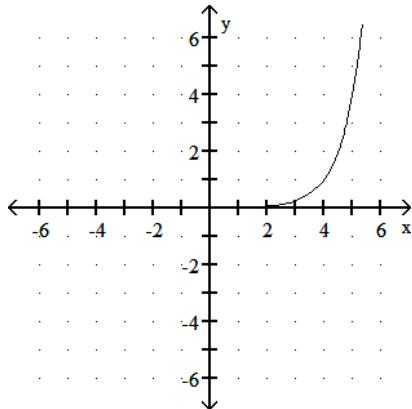
B)



C)



D)



Solve the system. If the system's equations are dependent or if there is no solution, state this.

34)  $2x - 5y + 4z = 5$

$-7x + 8y - 4z = 2$

$10x - 25y + 20z = -7$

A)  $(5, 5, -1)$

C) No solution

B) The equations are dependent.

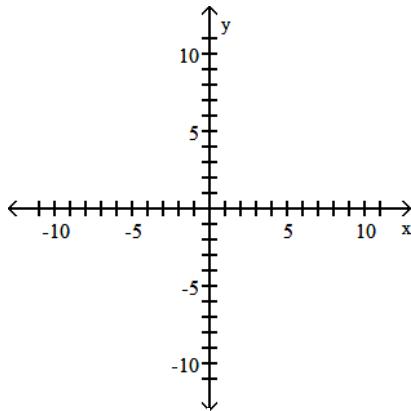
D)  $(5, 2, -7)$

34) \_\_\_\_\_

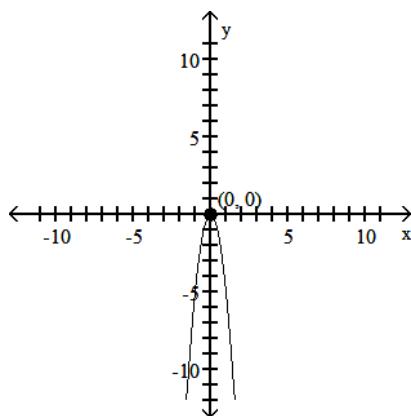
Graph. Be sure to label the vertex. Round to the nearest hundredth if necessary.

35)  $y = -5x^2$

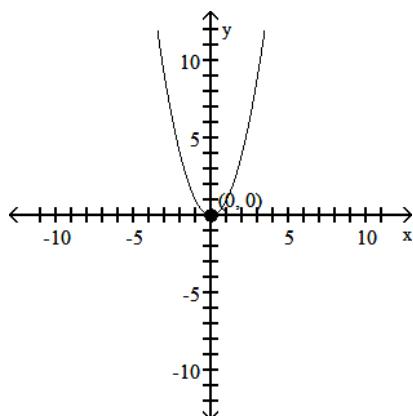
35) \_\_\_\_\_



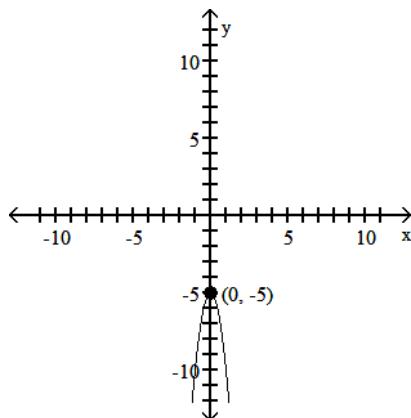
A)



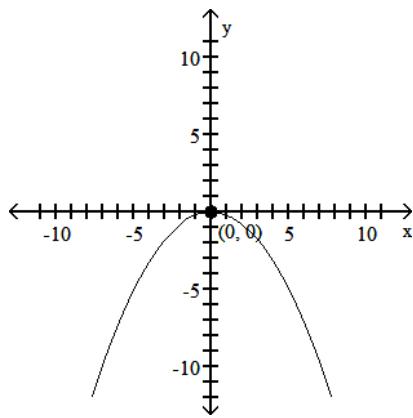
B)



C)



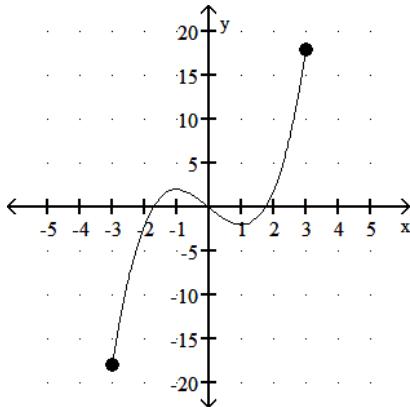
D)



For the function represented in the graph, determine the domain or range, as requested.

36) Find the domain.

36) \_\_\_\_\_



- A)  $\{x \mid -18 \leq x \leq 18\}$   
C)  $\{x \mid -3 \leq x \leq 3\}$

- B)  $\{x \mid x \text{ is a real number}\}$   
D)  $\{x \mid -5 \leq x \leq 5\}$

Determine whether the function is one-to-one. If so, find a formula for the inverse.

37)  $g(x) = x^2 - 2$

37) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $g^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$

B)  $g^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$

C)  $g^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}}$

D) Not a one-to-one function

Find an equation for the described linear function.

38) Through  $(0, -3)$  and parallel to  $-9x + y = 4$

38) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = \frac{1}{9}x - 3$

B)  $y = 9x - 3$

C)  $y = -9x + 3$

D)  $y = -9x - 3$

Perform the indicated operation and simplify.

39)  $\frac{a+b}{a-b} - \frac{3ab+3b^2}{a^2-b^2}$

39) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $\frac{a-2b}{a+b}$

B)  $\frac{a+2b}{a-b}$

C)  $\frac{a^2-2ab-2b^2}{a^2-b^2}$

D)  $\frac{a-2b}{a-b}$

Solve the system.

40)  $x - y + 8z = -107$

40) \_\_\_\_\_

$6x + z = 17$

$3y - 5z = 89$

A)  $(5, -8, -13)$

B)  $(5, 8, -13)$

C)  $(-5, 8, 13)$

D)  $(-5, -8, 13)$

## Answer Key

Testname: UNTITLED1

- 1) B
- 2) D
- 3) D
- 4) A
- 5) D
- 6) A
- 7) C
- 8) C
- 9) C
- 10) B
- 11) A
- 12) B
- 13) C
- 14) A
- 15) D
- 16) D
- 17) B
- 18) C
- 19) D
- 20) A
- 21) C
- 22) B
- 23) B
- 24) D
- 25) B
- 26) B
- 27) B
- 28) C
- 29) B
- 30) D
- 31) D
- 32) D
- 33) B
- 34) C
- 35) A
- 36) C
- 37) D
- 38) B
- 39) D
- 40) B